

## **Eastern Samar**



Address: Eastern Samar

Description: One of FPE's long-standing priority sites, conservation efforts in Guiuan suffered a massive setback in late 2013 when Typhoon Yolanda ravaged the high-biodiversity coastal town. Prior to this calamity, however, measures have been put in place to counter-act the destructive impacts of unregulated infrastructural activities, blast- and cyanide-fishing, and human encroachment on coastal resource-dependent livelihood.

Status: On-going

## **Site Profile Summary**

Ecosystem Types Coastal and Marine

Protection Status Natural Park (Presidential Proclamation No. 291)

Area 33,492 hectares

- It is a conservation priority site for its reef fishes, corals, mollusks,

whale sharks, elasmobranchs and turtles.

- The gulf's rich biodiversity is slowly vanishing; the ecological conditions

of its coastal waters ranging from fair to poor.

Biogeographic Features

- For the past 10 years, the Leyte Gulf's coral cover and fish stocks have

been shrinking.

- Unregulated infrastructure activities lead to soil run-off and

sedimentation

Flora

Fauna

Livelihood Resources - Mining

- Fishing

Apart from a small settled community of Ati (Negritos) in Barangay Cogon in

Other Matters of Significance the municipality of Malay, there are no indigenous peoples' groups in the

peninsula.

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